Benefits of Massage

Massage works by soothing soft tissue and encouraging relaxation. Modern studies show that massage can successfully treat a range of disorders, including back pain, anxiety and high blood pressure. Different types of massage include aromatherapy massage, massage for babies, reflexology, shiatsu massage, remedial massage and relaxation massage.

Massage is perhaps one of the oldest healing traditions. Many cultures – including the Ancient Greeks, Egyptians, Chinese and Indians – were convinced of the therapeutic properties of massage and used it to treat a variety of ailments.

The skin is the largest organ of the human body and is packed with nerve endings. Massage works by soothing soft tissue and encouraging relaxation. Massage is especially effective in treating 'vicious cycle' complaints. For instance, a tension headache is often self-sustaining because the pain makes the sufferer clench the affected muscles even harder. This, in turn, creates more pain. A thorough neck and shoulder massage can release muscle tension and break the pain cycle.

For treatment of disorders

Modern studies have shown that massage can be used to successfully treat a variety of disorders, including:
Anxiety
Arthritis
Back or neck pain
Soft tissue injuries
Chronic pain
Constipation
Depression
Headache
High blood pressure
Insomnia

Benefits of massage

One of the immediate benefits of massage is a feeling of deep relaxation and calm. This occurs because massage prompts the release of endorphins, the brain chemicals (neurotransmitters) that produce feelings of wellbeing. Levels of stress hormones, such as adrenalin, cortisol and norepinephrine, are also reduced. Studies indicate that high levels of stress hormones impair the immune system.

Some of the physical benefits of massage include:

Reduced muscle tension

Improved circulation

Stimulation of the lymphatic system

Reduction of stress hormones

Increased joint mobility and flexibility

Improved skin tone

Speedier healing of soft tissue injuries

Heightened mental alertness

Reduced anxiety and depression

Different types of massage

Typically, the practitioner uses either oil or talcum powder to allow their hands to slip over the subject's skin. Sometimes, a sheet or thin piece of cloth might be used for the same effect.

The different types of massage may include:

Aromatherapy – essential oils made from selected flowers and plants are added to the massage oil for their particular therapeutic properties. For example, the scent of sandalwood is thought to reduce nervous tension.

Baby massage – can help to treat constipation, colic and sleeping problems. Studies have found that regular massage helps premature babies to gain weight at a faster rate.

Reflexology – massage of the feet can encourage healing in other parts of the body.

Therapeutic – also known as 'Western' or 'Swedish' massage. One of the most popular forms of massage in Australia, this technique is designed to promote relaxation and improve blood circulation.

Remedial – encourages healing of injured soft tissue, such as muscles, tendons and ligaments.

Shiatsu – is an oriental massage technique that aims to improve energy flow by working certain points on the body. The underlying principles of Shiatsu massage are similar to those of acupuncture.

Sports – is a blend of techniques that aim to enhance performance and help overworked muscles to recover quickly.

Special considerations

There are some instances where massage isn't recommended, including:

During pregnancy, especially the first trimester

If skin rashes, cuts or infections are present

If fractures or broken bones are suspected

Things to remember:

Studies have shown that massage is effective in treating a range of disorders.

Massage improves circulation, reduces muscle tension and encourages a feeling of relaxation.

There are many different types of massage to choose from.